Introduction to Computer Security

Question 1 61C Review

Being comfortable with manipulating the various number representations covered in 61C will help you succeed in the memory safety unit.

- Q1.1 What is the hexadecimal value of the decimal number 18?
- Q1.2 What is the value of 0x8339e833 + 0x20 in hexadecimal form?
- Q1.3 What is the value of 0x550ecdf2 + decimal 16 in hexadecimal form?
- Q1.4 What is the largest unsigned 32-bit integer? What is the result of adding 1 to that number?
- Q1.5 What is the largest signed 32-bit integer? What is the result of adding 1 to that number?
- Q1.6 If you interpret an n-bit two's complement number as an unsigned number, would the negative numbers be smaller or larger than positive numbers?
- Q1.7 How many bytes are needed to represent char[16]?

- Q1.8 How many bytes are needed to represent int[8]?
- Q1.9 For the following subparts, assume each block is 1 byte.

In a little-endian 32-bit system, how would you represent the pointer 0xDEADBEEF?

Q1.10 In a little-endian 64-bit system, how would you represent the pointer 0xDEADBEEF?

Q1.11 In a little-endian 32-bit system, how would you represent the char array "ABCDEFGH"? Recall that our stack representation has addresses increase from left-to-right and bottom-to-top.